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APPLICATION RESOURCE GUIDE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1. Application helpful hints

SECTION 2. US legal presence documentation

SECTION 3. Supervised work experience

SECTION 4. Clinical supervision

SECTION 1. APPLICATION HELPFUL HINTS

GENERAL INFORMATION:

- You can print the application and fill in by hand, or fill in most information on the .pdf from the website and then print.
- There are specific applications for each discipline and level of licensure, so pick the correct one for your situation.
- Do not print the application double sided.
- If you paid the fee to renew or apply for your LAMFT license within the previous 90 days of applying for your LMFT license, you may qualify for a waiver of the LMFT application fee. The first page of the application contains questions to determine if you qualify.
- Attach all necessary supporting documentation. There is a checklist near the back of each application providing the list of what is needed.
- If any supporting documentation is in a different name from the name you're applying with, you must provide the legal documentation verifying the name change.

PART I. PERSONAL INFORMATION:

- The Board cannot accept an application without a social security number.
- The Board is required to maintain public contact information for all applicants/licensees.
- The Board considers your employment address and phone to be public, and they are provided on the Board's website. If you are not currently employed, your home address will not be published, however per A.R.S. § 32-3226, the Board may provide a telephone number or email address to a patient seeking medical records.

PART II. UNITED STATES LEGAL PRESENCE:

- The Board is required to verify that all applicants for licensure have legal authorization to reside and seek employment in the United States.
- You must attach a copy of the front and back of the document evidencing your citizenship status.
- The list of acceptable documents can be found in SECTION 2 of this guide.

PART III. BACKGROUND QUESTIONNAIRE:

- Read each question carefully and answer honestly.
- For any "YES" answers, provide a full explanation in the space provided.
- Attach any relevant documents including: court orders, treatment documentation, reports from medical practitioners if applicable.
- If any answers change while your application is being reviewed, you are REQUIRED to provide updated information and relevant documents to the Board.

PART IV. EMPLOYMENT HISTORY:

- Provide employment history beginning with the job you held when your application for

Licensed Associate Marriage and Family Therapist licensure was submitted.

- If you have gaps in employment of more than one month, please provide an explanation.
- The employment history page can be copied if additional space is needed.

PART V. WORK EXPERIENCE AND CLINICAL SUPERVISION

- The Board needs to receive a MFT Verification of Supervised Work Experience from your employer(s)/supervisor(s) for the minimum of 2 years of supervised experience.
- The Board needs to receive a Verification of Clinical Supervision from your Clinical Supervisor(s) for the minimum of 100 hours of clinical supervision received during the period of supervised work experience.
- It is your responsibility to request that your former employer(s)/supervisor(s) submit the above required forms. There are two methods for the employer(s)/supervisor(s) to provide the information:
 - Online submission – if you have already submitted an application or will be applying in the next 3 months. The Board will not hold forms for longer than 3 months if an application is not received.
 - Printing – if you are not applying for more than 3 months, your employer(s)/supervisor(s) can complete the forms, attach any required documentation and provide them to you in a sealed envelope with their signature on the seal.
- You will list any employer(s)/supervisor(s) that will be providing verification forms on your behalf and the method of submission, either emailed (online) or attached.
- If you previously requested and were approved for a Clinical Supervisor Exemption Request, please attach it with your application.
- If your Clinical Supervisor(s) was/were licensed by another professional board, or another state's regulatory entity, you must provide an official verification of their licensure for the time in which you received clinical supervision. It is not necessary if they were licensed by this Board.
- For clinical supervision hours to be accepted, the Clinical Supervisor(s) must have had an active license and been in compliance with the Board's clinical supervisor educational requirements.
- If your Clinical Supervisor(s) does not appear on the Board's Clinical Supervisor registry, you should request that they provide you documentation that they were in compliance with the requirements at the time supervision occurred

PART VI. FEDERAL DATA BANK SELF-QUERY:

- To meet the requirements of A.A.C. R4-6-301(11), the Board will perform a query of the applicant's data in the National Practitioner Data Bank.

PART VII. PROFESSIONAL CREDENTIALS:

- List all professional credentials issued by a state regulatory entity:
 - Ever held in the behavioral health field.
 - Held in the past 10 years if not in the behavioral health field.

- Online verifications from the other jurisdictions may be used if they contain all the required information.
- If not, request an official verification from the jurisdiction issuing the credential.
 - A copy of your wall certificate is NOT sufficient

PART VIII. CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECK

- If you hold another license with the Board and submitted a full set of fingerprints with your previous application you do not need to resubmit them.
- If you have a valid fingerprint clearance card issued by the Arizona Department of Public Safety (“DPS”), attach a copy of the front and back of the card and verification from the DPS website provided on the application:
https://webapps.azdps.gov/public_inq_acct/acct/ShowClearanceCardStatus.action
- If your DPS fingerprint clearance card is no longer valid, and you haven’t previously submitted a full set of fingerprints, you will need to include fingerprints on a FD-258 card and \$40.00 payment or proof of online credit card payment.

PART IX. CERTIFYING STATEMENT:

- Read the attestations carefully and sign.

SECTION 2. UNITED STATES LEGAL PRESENCE

A photocopy of a document that shows evidence of your citizenship or alien status **MUST BE** submitted with your application for licensure. See **List A or List B.**

LIST A

Evidence showing U.S. citizen or U.S. national status includes the following:

Primary Evidence:

1. A driver's license issued by a state that verifies lawful presence in the United States;
2. A birth certificate showing birth in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917), American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Mariana Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such a jurisdiction); *
3. A birth certificate or delayed birth certificate issued in any state, territory or possession of the U.S.; *
4. A signed United States passport; current or expired;
5. Report of birth abroad of a U.S. citizen (FS-240) (issued by the Department of State to U.S. citizens); A U.S. certificate of birth abroad *
6. Certificate of Birth (FS-545) (issued by a foreign service post) or Certification of Report of Birth (DS-1350), copies of which are available from the Department of State; *
7. Form N-550 or N-570, Certificate of Naturalization (issued by the Service through a Federal or State court, or through administrative naturalization after December 1990 to individuals who are individually naturalized; the N-570 is a replacement certificate issued when the N-550 has been lost or mutilated or the individual's name has changed);
8. Form N-561, Certificate of Citizenship;
9. Form I-197, United States Citizen Identification Card (issued by the Service until April 7, 1983 to U.S. citizens living near the Canadian or Mexican border who needed it for frequent border crossings) (formerly Form I-179, last issued in February 1974);
10. Form I-873 (or prior versions), Northern Marianas Card (issued by the Service to a collectively naturalized U.S. citizen who was born in the Northern Mariana Islands before November 3, 1986);
11. Statement provided by a U.S. consular official certifying that the individual is a U.S. citizen (given to an individual born outside the United States who derives citizenship through a parent but does not have a FS-240, FS-545, or DS-1350); or *
12. Form I-872 (or prior versions), American Indian Card with a classification code "KIC" and a statement on the back identifying the bearer as a U.S. citizen (issued by the Service to U.S. citizen members of the Texas Band of Kickapoo living near the U.S./Mexican border).
13. A tribal certificate of Indian blood.*
14. A tribal or bureau of Indian affairs affidavit of birth*

NOTE: SOCIAL SECURITY CARDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE

DOCUMENTATION. Secondary Evidence:

If the applicant cannot present one of the primary evidence documents listed above, the following may be relied upon to establish U.S. citizenship or U.S. national status;

1. Religious record recorded in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917), American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Mariana Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such a jurisdiction) within three 3 months after birth showing that the birth occurred in such jurisdiction and the date of birth or the individual's age at the time the record was made;
2. Evidence of civil service employment by the U.S. government before June 1, 1976;

3. Early school records (preferably from the first school) showing the date of admission to the school, the applicant's date and U.S. place of birth, and the name(s) and place(s) of birth of the applicant's parent(s);
4. Census record showing name, U.S. nationality or a U.S. place of birth, and applicant's date of birth or age;
5. Adoption finalization papers showing the applicant's name and place of birth in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917, American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Marian Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such a jurisdiction), or, when the adoption is not finalized and the state or other U.S. jurisdiction listed above will not release a birth certificate prior to final adoption, a statement from a state or jurisdiction approved adoption agency showing the applicant's name and place of birth in one of such jurisdictions, and stating that the source of the information is an original birth certificate;
6. Any other document that establishes a U.S. place of birth or otherwise indicates U.S. nationality (e.g., a contemporaneous hospital record of birth in that hospital in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico (on or after January 13, 1941), Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands (on or after January 17, 1917), American Samoa, or the Northern Mariana Islands (on or after November 4, 1986, Northern Mariana Islands local time) (unless the applicant was born to foreign diplomats residing in such a jurisdiction);

Collective Naturalization

If the applicant cannot present one of the primary or secondary evidence documents listed above, the following will establish U.S. citizenship for collectively naturalized individuals:

Puerto Rico:

- Evidence of birth in Puerto Rico on or after April 11, 1899 and the applicant's statement that he or she was residing in the U.S., a U.S. possession or Puerto Rico on January 13, 1941; or
- Evidence that the applicant was a Puerto Rican citizen and the applicant's statement that he or she was residing in Puerto Rico on March 1, 1917 and that he or she did not take an oath of allegiance to Spain.

U.S. Virgin Islands:

- Evidence of birth in the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the applicant's statement of residence in the U.S., a U.S. possession or the U.S. Virgin Islands on February 25, 1927;
- The applicant's statement indicating resident in the U.S. Virgin Islands as a Danish citizen on January 17, 1917 and residence in the U.S., a U.S. possession or the U.S. Virgin Islands on February 25, 1927, and that he or she did not make a declaration to maintain Danish citizenship; or
- Evidence of birth in the U.S. Virgin Islands and the applicant's statement indicating residence in the U.S., a U.S. possession or territory or the Canal Zone on June 28, 1932.

Northern Mariana Islands (NMI) (formerly part of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (TTPI)):

- Evidence of birth in the NMI, TTPI citizenship and residence in the NMI, the U.S., or a U.S. territory or possession on November 3, 1986 (NMI local time) and the applicant's statement that he or she did not owe allegiance to a foreign state on November 4, 1986 (NMI local time);
- Evidence of TTPI citizenship, continuous residence in the NMI since before November 3, 1981 (NMI local time), voter registration prior to January 1, 1975 and the applicant's statement that he or she did not owe allegiance to a foreign state on November 4, 1986 (NMI local time); or
- Evidence of continuous domicile in the NMI since before January 1, 1974 and the applicant's statement that he or she did not owe allegiance to a foreign state on November 4, 1986 (NMI local time). Note: If a person entered the NMI as a nonimmigrant and lived in the NMI since January 1, 1974, this does not constitute continuous domicile and the individual is not a U.S. citizen

Derivative Citizenship

If the applicant cannot present one of the primary or secondary evidence documents listed above, the following may be used to make determination of derivative U.S. citizenship:

Applicant born abroad to two U.S. citizen parents: Evidence of the U.S. citizenship of the parents and the relationship of the applicant to the parents, and evidence that at least one parent resided in the U.S. or an outlying possession prior to the applicant's birth.

Applicant born abroad to a U.S. citizen parent and a U.S. non-citizen national parent: Evidence that one parent is a U.S. citizen and that the other is a U.S. non-citizen national, evidence of the relationship of the applicant to the U.S. citizen parent, and evidence that the U.S. citizen parent resided in the U.S., a U.S. possession, American Samoa or Swain’s Island for a period of at least one year prior to the applicant’s birth.

Applicant born out of wedlock abroad to a U.S. citizen mother: Evidence of the U.S. citizenship of the mother, evidence of the relationship to the applicant and, for births on or before December 24, 1952, evidence that the mother resided in the U.S. prior to the applicant’s birth or, for births after December 24, 1952, evidence that the mother had resided, prior to the child’s birth, in the U.S. or a U.S. possession for a period of one year.

Applicant born in the Canal Zone or the Republic of Panama:

- A birth certificate showing birth in the Canal Zone on or after February 26, 1904 and before October 1, 1979 and evidence that one parent was a U.S. citizen at the time of the applicant’s birth; or
- A birth certificate showing birth in the Republic of Panama on or after February 26, 1904 and before October 1, 1979 and evidence that at least one parent was a U.S. citizen and employed by the U.S. government or the Panama Railroad Company or its successor in title.

In all other situations in which an applicant claims to have a U.S. citizen parent and an alien parent, or claims to fall within one of the above categories, but is unable to present the listed documentation:

- If the applicant is in the U.S., the applicant should contact the local U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service office for determination of U.S. citizenship;
- If the applicant is outside the U.S., the applicant should contact the State Department for a U.S. citizenship determination.

Adoption of Foreign-Born Child by U.S. Citizen

- If the birth certificate shows a foreign place of birth and the applicant cannot be determined to be a naturalized citizen under any of the above criteria, obtain other evidence of U.S. citizenship;
- Because foreign-born adopted children do not automatically acquire U.S. citizenship by virtue of adoption by U.S. citizens, the applicant should contact the local U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service office for a determination of U.S. citizenship, if the applicant provides no evidence of U.S. citizenship.

U.S. Citizenship By Marriage

A woman acquired U.S. citizenship through marriage to a U.S. citizen before September 22, 1922. Provide evidence of U.S. citizenship of the husband, and evidence showing the marriage occurred before September 22, 1922. Note: If the husband was an alien at the time of the marriage, and became naturalized before September 22, 1922, the wife also acquired naturalized citizenship. If the marriage terminated, the wife maintained her U.S. citizenship if she was residing in the U.S. at that time and continued to reside in the U.S.

A U.S. certificate of birth abroad*

A foreign passport with a U.S. Visa*

An I-94 form with a photograph

A U.S. citizenship and immigration services employment authorization document or refugee travel document*

LIST B

Qualified Aliens, Nonimmigrant, and aliens paroled into U.S. for less than one year.

a. “Qualified Aliens”

Evidence of “Qualified Alien” status includes the following:

Alien Lawfully admitted for Permanent Residence

- *Form I-551 (Alien Registration Receipt Card, commonly known as a “green card”); or
- Unexpired Temporary I-551 stamp in foreign passport or on *I Form I-94.

Asylee

- *Form I-94 annotated with stamp showing grant of asylum under section 208 of the INA;
- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated “274a.12 (a) (5)”;
- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated “A5”;
- Grant letter from the Asylum Office of the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service; or
- Order of an immigration judge granting asylum.

Refugee

- *Form I-94 annotated with stamp showing admission under § 207 of the INA;
- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated “274a.12 (a) (3)”;

- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated “A5”;

Alien Paroled Into the U.S. for at Least One Year

- *Form I-94 with stamp showing admission for at least one year under section 212(d) (5) of the INA. (Applicant cannot aggregate periods of admission for less than one year to meet the one-year requirement.

Alien Whose Deportation or Removal was withheld

- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated “274a.12 (a) (10)”;
- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated “A10”; or
- Order from an immigration judge showing deportation withheld under §243(h) of the INA as in effect prior to April 1, 1997, or removal withheld under §241 (b) (3) of the INA.

Alien Granted Conditional Entry

- *Form I-94 with stamp showing admission under §203 (a) (7) of the INA;
- *Form I-688B (Employment Authorization Card) annotated “274a.12 (a) (3)”;
- *Form I-766 (Employment Authorization Document) annotated “A3”.

Cuban/Haitian Entrant

- *Form I-551 (Alien Registration Receipt Card, commonly known as a “green Card”) with the code CU6, CU7, or CH6.
- Unexpired temporary I-551 stamp in foreign passport or on *Form I-94 with the Code CU6 or CU7; or
- *Form I-94 with stamp showing parole as “Cuba/Haitian Entrant” under Section 212 (d) (5) of the INA.

Alien who has been Declared a Battered Alien or Alien Subjected to Extreme Cruelty

- U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service petition and supporting documentation

b. Nonimmigrant

Evidence of “Nonimmigrant” status includes the following:

- *Form I-94 with stamp showing authorized admission as nonimmigrant

c. Alien Paroled into U.S. for less than One year

- *Form I-94 with stamp showing admission for less than one year under section 212 (d) (5) of the INA

d. A foreign passport with a U.S. visa

e. An I-94 form with a photograph.

f. A U.S. citizenship and immigration services employment authorization document or refugee travel document.

**If any of the documents do not contain a photograph of the individual, the individual shall also present a government issued document that contains a photograph of the individual.*

SECTION 3. SUPERVISED WORK EXPERIENCE

R4-6-101 Definitions (applicable to this section)

23. “Direct client contact” means, beginning November 1, 2015, the performance of therapeutic or clinical functions related to the applicant’s professional practice level of psychotherapy that includes diagnosis, assessment and treatment and that may include psychoeducation for mental, emotional and behavioral disorders based primarily on verbal or nonverbal communications and intervention with, and in the presence of, one or more clients. A.R.S. § 32-3251.
34. “Indirect client service” means, beginning November 1, 2015, training for, and the performance of, functions of an applicant’s professional practice level in preparation for or on behalf of a client for whom direct client contact functions are also performed, including case consultation and receipt of clinical supervision. Indirect client service does not include the provision of psychoeducation. A.R.S. § 32-3251.
42. “Practice of marriage and family therapy” means the professional application of family systems theories, principles and techniques to treat interpersonal relationship issues and nervous, mental and emotional disorders that are cognitive, affective or behavioral. The practice of marriage and family therapy includes:
 - a. Assessment, appraisal and diagnosis.
 - b. The use of psychotherapy for the purpose of evaluation, diagnosis and treatment of individuals, couples, families and groups. A.R.S. § 32-3251.
47. “Psychoeducation” means the education of a client as part of a treatment process that provides the client with information regarding mental health, emotional disorders or behavioral health.” A.R.S. § 32-3251.
51. “Supervised work experience” means practicing clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, professional counseling, or substance abuse counseling for remuneration or on a voluntary basis under direct supervision and while receiving clinical supervision as prescribed in R4-6-212 and Articles 4 through 7.

R4-6-211. Direct Supervision: Supervised Work Experience: General

- A.** A licensee subject to practice limitations pursuant to R4-6-210 shall practice in an entity with responsibility and clinical oversight of the behavioral health services provided by the licensee.
- B.** A masters level licensee working under direct supervision who operates or manages their own entity with immediate responsibility for the behavioral health services provided by the licensee shall provide the following to the board for approval prior to providing behavioral health services:
 1. The name of their clinical supervisor who meets the following:
 - a. Is independently licensed by the board in the same discipline as the supervisee, and who has practiced as an independently licensed behavioral health professional for a minimum of two years beyond the supervisor’s licensure date;
 - b. Is in compliance with the clinical supervisor educational requirements specified in R4-6-214;
 - c. Is not prohibited from providing clinical supervision by a board consent agreement; and
 2. A copy of the agreement between the clinical supervisor and supervisee demonstrating:
 - a. The supervisee and supervisor will meet individually for one hour for every 20 hours of direct client contact provided, to include an onsite meeting every 60 days;
 - b. Supervisee’s clients will be notified of clinical supervisor’s involvement in their treatment and the means to contact the supervisor;
 - c. Supervision reports will be submitted to the board every six months;
 - d. A 30 day notice is required prior to either party terminating the agreement;
 - e. The supervisor and supervisee will notify the board within 10 days of the agreement termination date; and

- f. The supervisee will cease practicing within 60 days of the agreement termination date until such time as a subsequent agreement is provided to the board and approved.
- C. A licensee complying with subsection B shall not provide clinical oversight and responsibility for the behavioral health services of another licensee subject to the practice limitations pursuant to R4-6-210.
- D. To meet the supervised work experience requirements for licensure, direct supervision shall:
 - 1. Meet the specific supervised work experience requirements contained in Articles 4,5,6, and 7;
 - 2. Be acquired after completing the degree required for licensure and receiving certification or licensure from a state regulatory entity;
 - 3. Be acquired before January 1, 2006, if acquired as an unlicensed professional practicing under an exemption provided in A.R.S. § 32-3271;
 - 4. Involve the practice of behavioral health; and
 - 5. Be for a term of no fewer than 24 months
- E. An applicant who acquired supervised work experience outside of Arizona may submit that experience for approval as it relates to the qualifications of the supervisor and the entity in which the supervision was acquired. The board may accept the supervised work experience as it relates to the supervisor and the entity if it met the requirements of the state in which the supervised work experience occurred. Nothing in this provision shall apply to the supervision requirements set forth in R4-6-403, R4-6-503, R4-6-603 and R4-6-705.
- F. If the Board determines that an applicant engaged in unprofessional conduct related to services rendered while acquiring hours under supervised work experience, including clinical supervision, the Board shall not accept the hours to satisfy the requirements of R4-6-403, R4-6-503, R4-6-603, or R4-6-706. Hours accrued before and after the time during which the conduct that was the subject of the finding of unprofessional conduct occurred, as determined by the Board, may be used to satisfy the requirements of R4-6-403, R4-6-503, R4-6-603, or R4-6-706 so long as the hours are not the subject of an additional finding of unprofessional conduct.

R4-6-603. Supervised Work Experience for Marriage and Family Therapy Licensure

- A. An applicant for licensure as a marriage and family therapist shall demonstrate completion of at least 3200 hours of supervised work experience in the practice of marriage and family therapy in no less than 24 months. The applicant shall ensure that the supervised work experience includes:
 - 1. At least 1600 hours of direct client contact involving the use of psychotherapy:
 - a. At least 1000 of the 1600 hours of direct client contact are with couples or families; and
 - b. No more than 400 of the 1600 hours of direct client contact are in psychoeducation and at least 60 percent of psychoeducation hours are with couples or families;
 - 2. At least 100 hours of clinical supervision as prescribed under R4-6-212 and R4-6-604; and
 - 3. For the purpose of licensure, no more than 1600 hours of indirect client contact related to psychotherapy services.
- B. For any month in which an applicant provides direct client contact, the applicant shall obtain at least one hour of clinical supervision.
- C. An applicant may submit more than the required 3200 hours of supervised work experience for consideration by the Board.
- D. During the period of supervised work experience specified in subsection (A), an applicant for marriage and family therapist licensure shall practice behavioral health under the limitations specified in R4-6-210.
- E. There is no supervised work experience requirement for licensure as an associate marriage and family therapist.

GENERAL SUPERVISED WORK EXPERIENCE INFORMATION:

- Although you may have a different direct supervisor from your Clinical Supervisor during your supervised work experience, the time period of each must be the same when submitted with your application for independent licensure.
- Applicants must submit a minimum of two years of supervised work experience involving the use of psychotherapy that meets the hour requirements above to be considered for licensure.

SECTION 4. CLINICAL SUPERVISION

R4-6-101 Definitions (applicable to this section)

11. “Clinical supervision” means direction or oversight provided either face to face or by videoconference or telephone by an individual qualified to evaluate, guide, and direct all behavioral health services provided by a licensee to assist the licensee to develop and improve the necessary knowledge, skills, techniques, and abilities to allow the licensee to engage in the practice of behavioral health ethically, safely, and competently.
12. “Clinical supervisor” means an individual who provides clinical supervision.
15. “Contemporaneous” means documentation is made within 10 business days.
34. “Individual clinical supervision” means clinical supervision provided by a clinical supervisor to one supervisee.

R4-6-212. Clinical Supervision Requirements

- A. The Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision submitted by an applicant if the clinical supervision meets the requirements specified in R4-6-404, R4-6-504, R4-6-604, or R4-6-706, as applicable to the license for which application is made, and was provided by one of the following:
 1. A clinical social worker, professional counselor, independent marriage and family therapist, or independent substance abuse counselor who:
 - a. Holds an active and unrestricted license issued by the Board, and
 - b. Has complied with the educational requirements specified in R4-6-214;
 2. A mental health professional who holds an active and unrestricted license issued under A.R.S. Title 32, Chapter 19.1 as a psychologist and has complied with the educational requirements specified in R4-6-214; or
 3. An individual who:
 - a. Holds an active and unrestricted license to practice behavioral health,
 - b. Is providing behavioral health services in Arizona:
 - i. Under a contract or grant with the federal government under the authority of 25 U.S.C. § 5301 or § 1601-1683, or
 - ii. By appointment under 38 U.S.C. § 7402 (8-11), and
 - c. Has complied with the educational requirements specified in R4-6-214.
- B. Unless an exemption was obtained under R4-6-212.01, the Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision submitted by an applicant if the clinical supervision was provided by an individual who:
 1. Was qualified under subsection (A), and
 2. Was employed by the behavioral health entity at which the applicant obtained hours of clinical supervision.
- C. The Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision submitted by an applicant if the clinical supervision includes all of the following:
 1. Reviewing ethical and legal requirements applicable to the supervisee’s practice, including unprofessional conduct as defined in A.R.S. § 32-3251;
 2. Monitoring the supervisee’s activities to verify the supervisee is providing services safely and competently;
 3. Verifying in writing that the supervisee provides clients with appropriate written notice of clinical supervision, including the means to obtain the name and telephone number of the supervisee’s clinical supervisor;
 4. Contemporaneously written documentation by the clinical supervisor of at least the following for each clinical supervision session at each entity:
 - a. Date and duration of the clinical supervision session;
 - b. A detailed description of topics discussed to include themes and demonstrated skills;
 - c. Beginning on July 1, 2006, name and signature of the individual receiving clinical supervision;
 - d. Name and signature of the clinical supervisor and the date signed; and

- e. Whether the clinical supervision occurred on a group or individual basis;
 - 5. Maintaining the documentation of clinical supervision required under subsection (C)(4) for at least seven years;
 - 6. Verifying that clinical supervision was not acquired from a family member as prescribed in R4-6-101(A)(29);
 - 7. Conducting on-going compliance review of the supervisee's clinical documentation to ensure the supervisee maintains adequate written documentation;
 - 8. Providing instruction regarding:
 - a. Assessment,
 - b. Diagnosis,
 - c. Treatment plan development, and
 - d. Treatment;
 - 9. Rating the supervisee's overall performance as at least satisfactory, using a form approved by the Board; and
 - 10. Complying with the discipline-specific requirements in Articles 4 through 7 regarding clinical supervision.
- D.** The Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision submitted by an applicant for licensure if:
- 1. At least two hours of the clinical supervision were provided in a face-to-face setting during each six-month period;
 - 2. No more than 90 hours of the clinical supervision were provided by videoconference and telephone.
 - 3. No more than 15 of the 90 hours of clinical supervision provided by videoconference and telephone were provided by telephone; and
 - 4. Each clinical supervision session was at least 30 minutes long.
- E.** Effective July 1, 2006, the Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision submitted by an applicant if at least 10 of the hours involve the clinical supervisor observing the supervisee providing treatment and evaluation services to a client. The clinical supervisor may conduct the observation:
- 1. In a face-to-face setting,
 - 2. By videoconference,
 - 3. By teleconference, or
 - 4. By review of audio or video recordings.
- F.** The Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision submitted by an applicant from a maximum of six clinical supervisors.
- G.** The Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision obtained by an applicant in both individual and group sessions, subject to the following restrictions:
- 1. At least 25 of the clinical supervision hours involve individual supervision, and
 - 2. Of the minimum 100 hours of clinical supervision required for licensure, the Board may accept:
 - a. Up to 75 of the clinical supervision hours involving a group of two supervisees; and
 - b. Up to 50 of the clinical supervision hours involving a group of three to six supervisees.
- H.** If an applicant provides evidence that a catastrophic event prohibits the applicant from obtaining documentation of clinical supervision that meets the standard specified in subsection (C), the Board may consider alternate documentation.

R4-6-212.01. Exemptions to the Clinical Supervision Requirements

The Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision submitted by an applicant if the clinical supervision meets the requirements specified in R4-6-212 and R4-6-404, R4-6-504, R4-6-604, or R4-6-706, as applicable to the license for which application is made, unless an exemption is granted as follows:

- 1. An individual using supervised work experience acquired in Arizona may apply to the Board for an exemption from the following requirements:
 - a. Qualifications of the clinical supervisor. The Board may grant an exemption to the supervisor qualification requirements in R4-6-212(A) and R4-6-404, R4-6-504, R4-6-604, or R4-6-706, as applicable to the license for which application is made, if the Board determines the behavioral health professional who provided or will provide the clinical supervision has:
 - i. Education, training and experience necessary to provide clinical supervision;

- ii. Complied with the educational requirements specified in R4-6-214; and
 - iii. An active and unrestricted license issued under A.R.S. Title 32 as a physician under Chapter 13 or 17 with certification in psychiatry or addiction medicine or as a nurse practitioner under Chapter 15 with certification in mental health;
- b. Employment of clinical supervisor. The Board may grant an exemption to the requirement in R4-6-212(B) regarding employment of the supervisor by the behavioral health entity at which the supervisee obtains hours of clinical supervision if the supervisee provides verification that:
- i. The supervisor and behavioral health entity have a written contract providing the supervisor the same access to the supervisee's clinical records provided to employees of the behavioral health entity, that is signed and dated by both parties, and
 - ii. Supervisee's clients authorized the release of their clinical records to the supervisor; and
- c. Discipline-specific changes. The Board may grant an exemption to a requirement in R4-6-404, R4-6-504, R4-6-604, or R4-6-706, as applicable to the license for which application is made, that changed on November 1, 2015, and had the effect of making the clinical supervision previously completed or completed no later than October 31, 2017, non-compliant with the clinical supervision requirements. If the Board grants an exemption under this subsection, the Board shall evaluate the applicant's clinical supervision using the requirements in existence before November 1, 2015.
2. An individual using supervised work experience acquired outside of Arizona may apply to the Board for an exemption from the clinical supervision requirements in R4-6-404, R4-6-504, R4-6-604, or R4-6-706, as applicable to the license for which application is made. The Board may grant an exemption for clinical supervision acquired outside of Arizona if the Board determines that the behavioral health professional providing the supervision met one of the following:
- a. Complied with the educational requirements specified in R4-6-214,
 - b. Complied with the clinical supervisor requirements of the state in which the supervision occurred, or
 - c. Was approved to provide supervision to the applicant by the state in which the supervision occurred.

R4-6-604. Clinical Supervision for Marriage and Family Therapy Licensure

- A. An applicant for marriage and family therapy licensure shall demonstrate that the applicant received at least 100 hours of clinical supervision that meets the requirements specified in subsection (B) and R4-6-212 during the supervised work experience required under R4-6-603.
- B. The Board shall accept hours of clinical supervision for marriage and family therapist licensure if:
- 1. The hours are supervised by an individual who meets the educational requirements under R4-6-214;
 - 2. At least 50 of the hours are supervised by:
 - a. A marriage and family therapist licensed by the Board; or
 - b. An independently licensed behavioral health professional who holds an Approved Supervisor designation from the American Association for Marriage and Family Therapy; and
 - 3. The remaining hours are supervised by one or more of the following:
 - a. A professional counselor licensed by the Board;
 - b. A clinical social worker licensed by the Board;
 - c. A marriage and family therapist licensed by the Board; or
 - d. A psychologist licensed under A.R.S. Title 32, Chapter 19.1; or
 - 4. The hours are supervised by an individual for whom an exemption is obtained under R4-6-212.01.
- C. The Board shall not accept hours of clinical supervision provided by a substance abuse counselor for marriage and family therapy licensure.

GENERAL CLINICAL SUPERVISION INFORMATION:

- Clinical supervision is a crucial piece in an associate level behavioral health professional's training and experience. For applicants seeking independent licensure, it is important to

understand the requirements of both the Clinical Supervisor and the clinical supervision.

- The Clinical Supervisor must be compliant with the Board’s educational requirements and maintain their license to be eligible to supervise applicant’s for licensure. Throughout the supervision period, applicants should watch the Board’s Supervisor Registry to see if their Clinical Supervisor is compliant with the educational requirements. The applicant should also verify their supervisor’s license is in good standing by using the “Verifications” link on the Board’s website.
- Participation on the supervisor registry is voluntary, so not all eligible supervisors will appear on the list. It is the applicant’s responsibility to ensure their Clinical Supervisor remains compliant with the Board’s requirements when submitting clinical supervision hours provided by them.
- Applicants should work closely with their Clinical Supervisor to ensure that all client forms and clinical supervision documentation meets the Board’s requirements.
- A sample clinical supervision session form can be found on the Board’s website. It is not mandatory to use the form, but it captures the required information if filled out completely.
- The time period of clinical supervision must take place in the span of time the supervised work experience for licensure purposes was submitted.